

Northwest Territories, as provided for by R. S. 1906, ch. 138, there shall be four puisné judges for the supreme court of each province, each with a salary of \$6,000 per annum; also that there shall be eight district court judges for Saskatchewan and five for Alberta, each with a salary of \$2,500 per annum and \$3,000 per annum after three years of service.

Chapter 19 amends the Immigration Act, 1906. By the amending act the words 'committed a crime involving moral turpitude' are expunged from section 33, which provides for the deportation of criminal or indigent immigrants; and in future any immigrant will be liable to deportation who within two years of his landing in Canada has 'become a public charge or an inmate of a penitentiary, jail, prison or hospital or other charitable institution'.

The section is also amended by the addition of provisions for the surrender of immigrant prisoners by governors or wardens of prisons for the purpose of deportation, and for the re-committal to jail of convicts who re-enter Canada after deportation.

A new section deals with the treatment of stowaways found on board vessels entering Canadian ports.

Nearly all the remaining public acts of 1907 are more or less in amendment of existing statutes and effect changes involving no fresh legislative principles. Chapter 4 amends the Adulteration Act in respect of the appointment of public analysts and the sampling and sealing of foods for analysis. Chapter 5 amends the act granting bounties on the manufacture in Canada of binder twine. Chapters 7, 8 and 9 are in amendment of the Criminal Code, chapter 9 dealing with those provisions of the Code that prohibit or regulate the distribution of intoxicating liquors in the vicinity of public works. Chapters 10 and 11 relate to the customs regulations and the new tariff of 1907, described later. Chapter 21 amends the sections in the Inspection and Sale Act which regulate the dimensions of fruit baskets and authorize the seizure and confiscation of binder twine not properly labelled. Chapter 24 specifies the bounties to be paid for the years 1907 to 1912 on iron and steel made in Canada. Chapter 28 amends the Militia Pension Act. Chapter 30 provides for further advances to the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal. Chapter 31 amends the Naturalization Act by providing for the naturalization in Canada of persons who have already been naturalized in any other part of the British Empire. Chapter 36 increases the borrowing powers of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners to an amount not exceeding in the whole \$800,000. Chapter 51 provides that the interests of creditors, claimants or shareholders in proceedings under the Winding-up Act may be classified, and that each class may be represented by a solicitor and counsel acting for all the persons in a class. Chapters 37 to 40 and chapter 52 relate to railways, including amendments of the Railway Act (chapters 37 and 38), the ratification of the

Amendment
of the Immi-
gration Act,
1906.

Deportation of
immigrant
convicts.

Stowaways.

Miscellaneous
enactments.

Adulteration
Act.

Binder twine.

Criminal
Code.

Intoxicating
liquors in
vicinity of
public works.

Customs.

Inspection
and Sale Act.

Bounties on
iron and steel.

Militia Pen-
sion Act.

Montreal
Harbour.

Naturaliza-
tion.

Borrowing
powers of Que-
bec Harbour

Commis-
sioners.

Classification
of interests
under Wind-
ing-up Act.

Railways.

Western
boundary of